Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018

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Independent auditor's report on review of condensed consolidated interim financial statements

To the Board of Directors of Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. Doha, State of Qatar

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. (the "Company") as at 30 June 2018, the condensed consolidated income statement, comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the six-month period then ended, and notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "condensed consolidated interim financial statements"). The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at 30 June 2018 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

30 July 2018 Doha State of Qatar الدوة - قطر - قطر الدوة - قطر - قطر

Yacoub Hobeika

Qatar Auditors Registration No. 289

KPMG

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Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

		For the six-month Jun	•
		2018	2017
		(Revie	wed)
	Notes	QR'000	QR'000
Operating revenues	5	1,253,629	1,145,800
Salaries, wages and other benefits		(270,356)	(262,364)
Operating supplies and expenses		(464,033)	(456,119)
Rent expenses		(8,439)	(6,775)
Depreciation and amortisation		(163,075)	(175,413)
Other operating expenses		(89,760)	(74,723)
OPERATING PROFIT		257,966	170,406
Finance cost		(85,157)	(100,420)
Finance income		36,182	83,952
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, vessels and equipment		1,381	(532)
Share of results of associates		139,677	128,810
Share of results of joint arrangements		82,137	44,088
Net gain (loss) on foreign exchange		2,597	(2,159)
Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets		-	(20,950)
Impairment of vessels and capital work-in-progress		(140,188)	(48,296)
Miscellaneous income	6	1,716	20,255
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		296,311	275,154
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent		297,141	267,294
Non-controlling interest		(830)	7,860
Tvoir controlling interest		(020)	7,000
		296,311	275,154
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE			
(attributable to equity holders of the parent)			
(expressed in QR per share)	19	2.62	2.35

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

		For the six-month Jui	-
		2018	2017
		(Revie	wed)
	Notes	QR'000	QR'000
Profit for the period		296,311	275,154
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Net gain resulting from cash flow hedges	7	151,169	26,357
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7	256,644	(502,707)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		407,813	(476,350)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		704,124	(201,196)
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Non-controlling interest		704,817 (693)	(208,570) 7,374
		704,124	(201,196)

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION At 30 June 2018

	Notes	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Property, vessels and equipment	8	4,185,814	4,196,429
Investment property	9	1,287,390	1,277,575
Intangible assets		163,235	168,315
Investments in joint ventures Investments in associates		965,218 5,160,383	883,124 5,041,236
Non-current financial investments		3,676,616	3,423,915
Loans granted to LNG companies		173,271	183,604
Other assets	-	25,794	28,706
		15,637,721	15,202,904
Current assets			
Inventories		147,578	106,777
Trade and other receivables		716,614	917,845
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	336,690	523,208
Investments in term deposits Cash and cash equivalents	10	589,238 725,514	1,680,694 373,943
Cash and cash equivalents	•	723,314	313,743
		2,515,634	3,602,467
TOTAL ASSETS	-	18,153,355	18,805,371
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Attributable to equity holders of the Parent			
Share capital		1,145,252	1,145,252
Treasury shares		(73,516)	(73,516)
Legal reserve		4,693,986	4,693,986
General reserve Fair value reserve		623,542	623,542
Hedging reserve		3,388,554 198,601	3,190,158 47,432
Retained earnings	-	3,843,095	3,915,860
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent		13,819,514	13,542,714
Non-controlling interest	-	61,319	69,100
Total equity	-	13,880,833	13,611,814

The condensed consolidated statement of financial position continues on the next page.

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) At 30 June 2018

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)	Notes	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Loans and borrowings Advance from a customer Provision for employees' end of service benefits	13	2,040,428 119,042 87,219	3,039,548 123,672 101,104
Current Habilities		2,246,689	3,264,324
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	13	568,292 1,457,541	558,210 1,371,023
9		2,025,833	1,929,233
Total liabilities		4,272,522	<u>5,193,557</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		18,153,355	18,805,371

The Group's considered consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 30 July 2018 and signed on its behalf by the following:

ap ap

Jassim bin Hamad bin Jassim Al-Thani Chairman Abd Irahman Essa A L.Al-Mannai President and Chief Executive Officer

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

	For the six-month period ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	
	(Review QR'000	<u>QR'000</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	QK 000	QK 000	
Profit for the period	296,311	275,154	
Adjustment for:	ŕ		
Depreciation of property, vessels and equipment	134,763	142,107	
Depreciation of investment property	23,170	12,946	
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,142	20,360	
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, vessels and equipment	(1,381)	532	
Share of results of associates	(139,677)	(128,810)	
Share of results of joint arrangements	(82,137)	(44,088)	
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	8,896	6,152	
Dividend income	(173,703)	(135,255)	
Net fair value (gain) loss on financial assets at fair value through profit		, , , ,	
or loss	(19,194)	71,274	
Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets	-	20,950	
Impairment of vessels and capital work-in-progress	140,188	48,296	
Profit on disposal of investment securities	(9,469)	(4,548)	
Finance costs	85,157	100,420	
Finance income	(36,182)	(83,952)	
Operating profit before working capital changes:	231,884	301,538	
Changes in:			
Inventories	(40,801)	(386)	
Trade and other receivables	220,394	(60,139)	
Trade and other payables	5,451	58,844	
1 7			
Cash flows from operating activities	416,928	299,857	
Finance costs paid	(85,157)	(100,420)	
Employees' end of service benefits paid	(6,529)	(4,465)	
1			
Net cash from operating activities	325,242	194,972	
CASHFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, vessels and equipment	(274,147)	(21,547)	
Dividend income	173,703	135,255	
Finance income	36,182	83,952	
Proceeds from disposal of property, vessels and equipment	1,822	19,395	
Purchases of investment property	(23,614)	(100,822)	
Addition to intangible assets	(65)	(167)	
Net movement in loans granted to LNG companies	10,333	15,055	
Purchase of investment securities	(19,576)	(148,051)	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	(,)	(= 10,000)	
comprehensive income	986	7,301	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or		,	
loss	238,721	24,905	
Investment in joint venture	_	(4,900)	
Net movement in investments in term deposits	1,091,456	(54,241)	
Contribution towards an associate	(1,020)	-	
Dividends received from associates	168,896	171,012	
Net cash flows from investing activities The condensed consolidated statement of each flows continues on the next	1,403,677	127,147	
The condensed consolidated statement of cashflows continues on the next	page.		

The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

		For the six-mont 30 Ju	•
		2018	2017
		(Reviet	wed)
	Notes	QR'000	QR'000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid to Company's shareholders	12	(397,658)	(397,658)
Dividends paid to non controlling interests		(7,088)	-
Net movement in loans and borrowings		(912,602)	(465,645)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,317,348)	(863,303)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		411,571	(541,184)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		313,943	1,102,860
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	11	725,514	561,676

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

	Attributable to the equity holders of the Parent									
	Share capital QR'000	Treasury shares QR'000	Legal reserve QR'000	General reserve QR'000	Fair value reserve QR'000	Hedging reserve QR'000	Retained earnings QR'000	Total QR'000	Non- controlling interest QR'000	Total QR'000
Balance at 31 December 2017 (Audited) Adjustment on initial application of IFRS		(73,516)	4,693,986	623,542	3,190,158	47,432	3,915,860	13,542,714	69,100	13,611,814
9 (Note 4)	-	-	-	-	(57,312)	-	26,953	(30,359)	-	(30,359)
Restated balance at 1 January 2018	1,145,252	(73,516)	4,693,986	623,542	3,132,846	47,432	3,942,813	13,512,355	69,100	13,581,455
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	- 256,507	- 151,169	297,141 -	297,141 407,676	(830) 137	296,311 407,813
Total comprehensive (loss) income Transactions with owners of the Group:	-	-	-	-	256,507	151,169	297,141	704,817	(693)	704,124
Dividends paid (Note 12) Transfer of reserves on disposal of financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	-	-	(397,658)	(397,658)	(7,088)	(404,746)
other comprehensive income					(799)		799			
At 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)	1,145,252	(73,516)	4,693,986	623,542	3,388,554	198,601	3,843,095	13,819,514	61,319	13,880,833
			Attributa	ıble to the equ	uity holders of t	he Parent				
	Share capital QR'000	Treasury shares QR'000	Legal reserve QR'000	General reserve QR'000	Fair value reserve QR'000	Hedging reserve QR'000	Retained earnings QR'000	Total QR'000	Non- controlling interest QR'000	Total QR'000
Balance at 1 January 2017 (Audited)	1,145,252	(73,516)	4,693,986	623,542	4,064,661	(122,720)	3,855,436	14,186,641	55,322	14,241,963
Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss) income	-	-	-	-	(502,221)	26,357	267,294 -	267,294 (475,864)	7,860 (486)	275,154 (476,350)
Total comprehensive (loss) income Transactions with owners of the Group:	-	-	-	-	(502,221)	26,357	267,294	(208,570)	7,374	(201,196)
Dividends paid (Note 12)							(397,658)	(397,658)		(397,658)
At 30 June 2017 (<i>Reviewed</i>) The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of	1,145,252 f these conde	(73,516) nsed consolidate	4,693,986 d interim finance	623,542 cial statements	3,562,440 s.	(96,363)	3,725,072	13,580,413	62,696	13,643,109

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Qatar Navigation Q.P.S.C. (the "Company") or (the "Parent") was incorporated on 5 July 1957 as a Qatari Public Shareholding Company, with the Commercial Registration number 1 issued by the Ministry of Economy and Commerce. The registered office of the Company is located in East Industrial Street, Zone 56, Doha, State of Qatar. The shares of the Company are publicly traded on the Qatar Exchange since 26 May 1997.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively refered as the "Group").

The principal activities of the Group, which remain unchanged from the previous period, include the provision of marine transport, acting as agent to foreign shipping lines, offshore services, sale of heavy vehicles, ship repair, fabrication and installation of offshore structures, land transport, chartering of vessels, real estate, investments in listed and unlisted securities, trading of aggregates, building materials and the operation of a travel agency.

The Group had the following active subsidiaries as at the current and the comparative reporting dates:

			Group effective shareholding		
Name of the subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	30 June 2018	31 December 2017	
Qatar Shipping Company W.L.L.	Qatar	Chartering of vessels and maritime services	100%	100%	
Halul Offshore Services W.L.L.	Qatar	Chartering of vessels offshore services	100%	100%	
Qatar Quarries and Building Materials Company Q.P.S.C. (i)	Qatar	Trading in building materials	50%	50%	
Gulf Shipping Investment Company W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	Cargo handling	100%	100%	
Qatar Shipping Company (India) Private Limited (ii)	India	Own, Hire, Purchase, Sale, Operate and manage all types of ships	100%	100%	
Ocean Marine Services W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	Cargo handling, offshore support services	100%	100%	
Halul United Business Services L.L.C.	Saudi	Offshore services	100%	100%	
Milaha Trading Company W.L.L.	Qatar	Trading in industrial materials	100%	100%	
Navigation Travel & Tourism W.L.L.	Qatar	Travel agency	100%	100%	
Navigation Trading Agencies W.L.L.	Qatar	Trading in heavy equipment	100%	100%	

1 REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The Group had the following active subsidiaries as at the current and the comparative reporting dates: (continued):

			Group effective shareholding			
Name of the subsidiary Navigation Marine Service Center W.L.L.	Country of incorporation Qatar	Principal activities Marine services	30 June 2018 100%	31 December 2017 100%		
Milaha Capital W.L.L.	Qatar	Investments	100%	100%		
Milaha Real Estate Services W.L.L.	Qatar	Real estate maintenance	100%	100%		
Milaha Integrated Maritime and Logistics W.L.L.	Qatar	Maritime and logistic services	100%	100%		
Milaha Ras Laffan Verwaltungs GMBH (ii)	Germany	Managing the business activities of KG companies	100%	100%		
Milaha Qatar Verwaltungs GMBH (ii)	Germany	Managing the business activities of KG companies	100%	100%		
Milaha Real Estate Investment W.L.L.	Qatar	Real estate services	100%	100%		
Milaha for Petroleum and Chemical Product W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	Shipping services	100%	100%		
Milaha Ras Laffan Gmbh & Co. KG (KG1) (ii)	Germany	LNG transportation	100%	100%		
Milaha Qatar Gmbh & Co. KG (KG2) (ii)	Germany	LNG transportation	100%	100%		
Qatar Shipping Company (France) (ii)	France	Investments	100%	100%		
Milaha Offshore Holding Co. PTE LTD (ii)	Singapore	Offshore support services	100%	100%		
Milaha Explorer PTE LTD (ii)	Singapore	Offshore support services	100%	100%		
Milaha Offshore Services Co PTE LTD (ii)	Singapore	Offshore support services	100%	100%		
Milaha (FZC) L.L.C.	Oman	Logistic services	100%	100%		

1 REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The Company's shareholding in the above subsidiaries are the same as the Group effective shareholding except for the following material subsidiaries:

		r's ownership centage
Name of subsidiary	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Halul Offshore Services Company W.L.L.	50%	50%
Qatar Quarries and Building Materials Company Q.P.S.C.	25%	25%
Milaha Trading Company W.L.L.	99.5%	99.5%
Milaha Capital W.L.L.	99.5%	99.5%
Milaha Integrated Maritime and Logistics W.L.L.	99.5%	99.5%

The Group also had the following inactive subsidiaries as at the current and the comparative reporting dates:

Name of subsidiary	1 2	's ownership entage	
	30 June	31 December	
	2018	2017	
Milaha Technical & Logistics Services W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Milaha Offshore Support Services Company L.L.C.	99.5%	99.5%	
Milaha for Petroleum and Chemical Product W.L.L.	99.5%	99.5%	
Milaha Warehousing W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Milaha Capital Real Estate Complex W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Milaha for Ships and Boats W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Milaha Ship Management & Operation Company W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Halul Ship Management & Operation W.L.L.	100%	100%	
Halul 49 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 68 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 69 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 70 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 71 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 80 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 81 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 82 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 83 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 90 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 100 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Halul 101 L.L.C.	100%	100%	
Aliago W.L.L	100%	-	

All subsidiaries are included in the consolidation. The proportion of the voting rights in the subsidiary undertakings held directly by the Parent do not differ from the proportion of the ordinary shares held.

The Group has the following investments in joint ventures as at the current and the comparative reporting dates:

	Country of	Group effe	ctive ownership
	incorporation	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Qatar Engineering and Technology Company W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	51%	51%
Qatar Ship Management Company W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	51%	51%
Gulf LPG Transport Company W.L.L.	Qatar	50%	50%
Aliago W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	-	50%
QTerminals W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	49%	49%

1 REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

The Group has the following investments in associates as at the current and the comparative reporting dates:

	Ownership %		Ownership %		ring %
			31		31
	Country of incorporation	30 June 2018	December 2017	30 June 2018	December 2017
Cargotec Qatar W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	51.0%	51.0%	40.0%	40.0%
Iraq-Qatar Transport and Shipping Services Com. L.T.D.	Iraq	51.0%	51.0%	51.0%	51.0%
United Arab Shipping Agency Company W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
Qatar Gas Transport Company Limited (NAKILAT) (Q.P.S.C.)	Qatar	30.3%	30.3%	30.3%	30.3%
Camartina Shipping INC. (ii)	Liberia	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%
Peninsula LNG Transport No. 1 Ltd. (ii)	Liberia	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%
Peninsula LNG Transport No. 2 Ltd. (ii)	Liberia	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%
Peninsula LNG Transport No. 3 Ltd. (ii)	Liberia	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%	29.4%
Qatar LNG Transport Ltd. (ii)	Liberia	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Man Diesel & Turbo Qatar Navigation W.L.L. (ii)	Qatar	51.0%	51.0%	35.0%	35.0%

⁽i) The Group controls Qatar Quarries Building Materials Company Q.P.S.C. through its power to control that company's Board of Directors.#

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The Group also had the following registered branch in Dubai as at the current and the comparative reporting dates:

Name of branch	Principal activity
Qatar Navigation (Dubai Branch)	Marine services

The results and the assets and liabilities of the above branch have been combined in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group.

2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting", and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017 ("latest annual financial statements"). They do not include all the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 4.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 July 2018.

⁽ii) The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared based on the management accounts of these entities as of the reporting date.#

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

3. USE OF JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the latest annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Measurement of fair values

When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumption made in measuring fair values is included in Note 17 "Financial Instruments".

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the last annual financial statements.

Changes in accounting policies

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for the adoption of the new standards and interpretations effective as of 1 January 2018. The Group has not early adopted any of the standards issued, which are yet to be effective.

The group applies, for the first time IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. The nature and effect of these changes are disclosed below.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. It replaces IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations.

The details of the new siginficant accounting policies and the nature of the changes to previous accounting policies in relation to the Group's various services are set out below.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group (Continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

Type of services	Nature, timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, significant payment terms	Nature of change in accounting policy.	
Chartering of vessels	Revenue from chartering of vessels, equipment and others are recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the terms of the contract entered into with customers.	IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies	
Sales of goods and services:	Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue from rendering of services are recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably, by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date.	IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies. Services contract, revenues are now recognised based on milestones delivered and not on a completion basis.	
Cargo transport and container barge income:	The value of all work invoiced during the year as adjusted for uncompleted trips. Attributable profit on uncompleted trips is accounted for on a percentage of completion basis after making due allowance for future estimated losses.	IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies	
Shipping agency income:	Shipping agency income is recognised on the completion of all supply requirements for vessels.	IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies	
Loading, clearance and land transport income:	Loading, clearance and land transport income is recognised only after completion of these services.	IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on the Group's accounting policies	

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities. This standard replaces IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

The following table summarises the impact of transition to IFRS 9 on the opening balance of retained earnings (for a description of the transition method, see Note (i) below).

Line item impacted in the financial statements	As reported at 31 December 2017 <i>QR'000</i>	Adjustment due to adoption of IFRS 9 <i>QR'000</i>	Adjusted opening balances as at 1 January 2018 <i>QR'000</i>
Trade and other receivables Fair value reserve	441,966 3,190,158	(25,742) (57,312)	416,224 3,132,846
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,423,915	(2,763)	3,421,152
Investment in associates	5,041,236	(1,854)	5,039,382
Retained earnings	3,915,860	26,953	3,942,813

The adjustment in fair value reserve due to adoption of IFRS 9, includes an amount of QAR 2,763,000 as a result of change in classification of a debt investment from FVOCI to amortized cost. This adjustment does not affect the retained earnings.

(i) Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, it eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant effect on the Group's accounting policies related to financial liabilities. The impact of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of financial assets is set out below.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group (Continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

- (i) Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued) Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as:
 - Amortised cost:
 - Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") debt investment;
 - Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") equity investment; or
 - Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL").

The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets.

The Group has financial assets at amortised cost which are amortized using the effective interest method. The amortised costs is reduced by the impairment lossess. The group also has financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The effect of adopting IFRS 9 on the carrying amounts of financial assets at 1 January 2018 relates solely to the new impairment requirements, as described further below.

Unquoted equity securities that were classified as available for sale financial assets under IAS 39 are now classified under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income as per IFRS 9. These equity securities represent investments that the Group intends to hold for the long term strategic purposes. As permitted by IFRS 9, the Group has designated these investments at the date of initial application as measured at FVOCI. Unlike IAS 39, the accumulated fair value reserve related to these investments will never be reclassified to profit or loss. Consequently, an amount of QR 55 million which had been reclassified to the income statement in prior years were reversed from fair value reserve to the opening retained earnings at 1 January 2018 on transition to IFRS 9.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments. Under IFRS 9, credit losses are recognised earlier than under IAS 39.

The financial assets at amortised cost comprise of trade receivables and cash at bank under IFRS 9 and loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date.
- Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances its financial assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment including forward-looking information.

Trade and other receivables that were classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 are now classified at amortised cost as per IFRS 9. An increase of QR 25,742 thousand in the allowance for impairment over these receivables was recognised in opening retained earnings at 1 January 2018 on transition to IFRS 9.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 90 days past due. The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by the Group (Continued)

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs:

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Credit-impaired financial assets:

At each reporting date, the Group assesses the financial assets carried at amortised cost A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Presentation of impairment:

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. Impairment losses related to trade and other receivables are presented under other operating expenses in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Impact of the new impairment model:

For trade and other receivables in the scope of the IFRS 9 impairment model, impairment losses are generally expected to increase and become more volatile. The Group has determined that the application of IFRS 9's impairment requirements at 1 January 2018 results in an additional impairment allowance of QR 25,742 thousand.

The Following table provides information about exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade and other receivables as at 1 January 2018.

Particular	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Credit impaired
		QR'000	QR'000	QR'000
Current (not past due)	3.06%	186,452	5,713	-
90 days past due	8.35%	64,875	5,415	=
90 - 180 days past due	27.57%	21,104	5,818	=
180-270 days past due	40.83%	6,241	2,548	-
270-360 days past due	69.55%	4,224	2,938	-
More than 360 days	100%	37,188	-	37,188

(iii) Transition

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 have been applied using the cumulative effect method. The Group has adopted the exemption not to restate comparative information of prior periods.

Differences in the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are recognised in retained earnings as at 1 January 2018. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 does not reflect the requirements of IFRS 9 but those of IAS 39.

The assessment has been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

5. OPERATING REVENUES

The Group revenues consist of activities under the following operating segments:

	Six-month period ended 30 June	
	2018	2017
	(Reviewed)	
	QR'000	QR'000
Milaha Capital	329,244	264,624
Milaha Maritime and Logistics	436,379	331,833
Milaha Offshore	223,463	239,128
Milaha Trading	74,972	116,752
Milaha Gas and Petrochem	189,571	193,463
	1,253,629	1,145,800

6. MISCELLANEOUS INCOME

Year 2017:

This represents compensation for the early termination of four vessels based on the contractual terms. The compensation was related to the Gas and Petrochemical segment for the period ended 30 June 2017

7. COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Six-month period ended 30 June	
		2018 (Revie	2017 ewed)
		QR'000	QR'000
	Movements of other comprehensive income	2	2
	Cash flow hedges		
	Net movement during the period	4,924	(3,720)
	Group share of net movement in cash flow hedges of associates	146,245	30,077
	Total effect on other comprehensive income resulting from cashflow	151 170	26 257
	hedges	151,169	26,357
	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Net gain (loss) arising during the period	253,687	(495,269)
	Group share of net movement in fair value reserves of equity accounted investees	2,957	(7,438)
	Total effect on other comprehensive income resulting from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	256,644	(502,707)
8.	PROPERTY, VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT		
		30 June 2018	31 December 2017
		(Reviewed) QR'000	(Audited) QR'000
	Opening balance Additions Disposals and write off	4,196,429 274,147 (377)	4,861,611 205,256 (302,585)
	Other transfers and reclassifications	(9,434)	(496)
	Impairment of vessels and capital work-in-progress	(140,188)	(283,339)
	Depreciation charge for the period/ year	(134,763)	(284,018)
	Closing balance	4,185,814	4,196,429
	17		

9. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Opening balance Additions Depreciation charge for the period/ year Disposals and write off Transfers and reclassifications	1,277,575 23,614 (23,170) (63) 9,434	1,140,646 164,642 (27,783)
Closing balance	1,287,390	1,277,575
10. INVESTMENTS IN TERM DEPOSITS		
	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Term deposits with banks	1,056,184	1,680,694
Less: Term deposits maturing before 90 days	(466,946)	
Term deposits maturing after 90 days (i)	589,238	1,680,694

Notes:

- (i) Short-term deposits earn interests at market rates and these are with an original maturity of over 90 days.
- (ii) Short term deposits have been predominantly financed using loans and borrowings.

11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of the following items:

	30 June 2018 (Reviewed)	30 June 2017 (Reviewed)
	QR'000	QR'000
Cash in hand	7,615	5,489
Bank balance – term deposits (i)	466,946	281,779
Bank balance – current accounts	250,953	374,408
	725,514	661,676
Bank overdraft (Note 13)		(100,000)
Cash and cash equivalents in the condensed consolidated statement of		
cash flows	725,514	561,676

⁽i) Deposits with an original maturity of less than 90 days are made for varying periods depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group at commercial market rates.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

12. DIVIDENDS

Dividend proposed and paid for the year 2017

The Board of Directors proposed a 35% cash dividend of QR 3.5 per share totaling QR 398 million for the year 2017 which was approved by the equity holders at the Annual General Assembly held on 18 March 2018.

Dividend declared and paid:

	2018 QR'000	2017 QR'000
Final dividend	397,658	397,658

13. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

The following significant transactions occurred during the period ended 30 June 2018 relating to loans and borrowings:

Parent Company:

- The Company fully settled a dollar denominated facility of 100 million which carried interest at the rate of 1.5% + LIBOR.
- The Company settled an outstanding loan amount of USD 100 million which was due to be settled in March 2019. This facility carried an interest of 2.75% + LIBOR.
- The Company has fully settled the outstanding overdraft of QR 60 million from the total granted facility of QR 100 million which carried an interest of 4%.

14. COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Captial commitment: Estimated expenditure on property, vessels and equipment approved but not contracted for as of the reporting date	490,154	937,917
Operating lease commitments:	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Within one year After one year but not more than five years	9,664 21,092	13,521 20,278
Total operating lease expenditure contracted for at the reporting date	30,756	33,799

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, the Group had letters of guarantees and letters of credit from which it anticipates that no material liabilities will arise as follows:

	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000
Letters of guarantees Letters of credits	778,529 9,345	787,632 9,455
	787,874	797,087

16. HEDGING ACTIVITIES AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Cash flow hedges:

Halul Offshore Services W.L.L.:

At 30 June 2018, Halul Offshore Services Company W.L.L. had an interest rate swap agreement in place with a notional amount of USD 108,000,000 (translated to QR 394,200,000), whereby it receives a variable rate of USD 3 months LIBOR and pays a fixed rate of interest of 1.985% on the notional amount. The swap is being used to hedge the exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its loans. The loan facility and the interest rate swap have the same critical terms. This cash flow hedge is assessed to be highly effective. The fair value of the interest rate swap is calculated by reference to the market valuation of the swap agreements.

Halul Offshore Services Company W.L.L. has recognised a fair value loss on its interest rate swap of QR 13,961,097 as at 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: QR 5,010,882) within trade and other payables and in equity in respect of the effective portion of hedge.

Milaha Ras Laffan GmbH & Co. KG ("KG 1") and Milaha Qatar GmbH & Co. KG ("KG 2"):

KG 1 and KG 2 have interest rate swap agreements in place with a notional amount of USD 116,992,043 (translated to QR 427,020,957) and USD 119,334,465 (translated to QR 435,570,797), respectively, whereby it receives a variable rate of USD 3 months LIBOR and pays a fixed rate interest of 2.685% on the notional amount. The swap is being used to hedge the exposure to interest rate fluctuations on its loans. The loan facility and the interest rate swap have the same critical terms. This cash flow hedge is assessed to be highly effective. The fair value of the interest rate swaps are calculated by reference to the market valuation of the swap agreements.

KG 1 and KG 2 have recognised the negative fair value movement of the interest rate swaps amounting to USD 1,888,723 (translated to QR 6,893,839) and USD 1,926,539 (translated to QR 7,031,867) respectively [(31 December 2017: USD 1,586,647 (translated to QR 5,775,395) and USD 1,618,415 (translated to QR 5,891,031))] as part of trade and other payables with a corresponding entry to the hedging reserve. As at 30 June 2018, the carrying value of the interest rate swaps for KG 1 and KG 2 amounts to USD 634,617 (translated to QR 2,316,352) and USD 647,323 (translated to QR 2,362,729) respectively.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets, financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments.

Financial assets consist of bank balances and cash, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at amortised cost, loans granted to LNG companies and certain other receivables. Financial liabilities consist of loans and borrowings and certain other payables. Derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate swaps.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Carrying amounts and fair values

A comparison by class of the carrying value and fair value of the Group's financial instruments that are carried in the condensed consolidated financial statements of financial position are set out below:

	Carrying	g amount	Fair value		
	30 June 2018 (Reviewed) QR'000	2018 2017 (Reviewed) (Audited)		31 December 2017 (Audited) QR'000	
Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	336,690	523,208	336,690	523,208	
Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive					
income	3,657,796	3,404,695	3,657,796	3,404,695	
Financial assets at amortised cost Interest rate swaps (cash flow	18,820	19,220	18,820	19,220	
hedge)	(18,640)	(23,565)	(18,640)	(23,565)	
<u>-</u>	3,657,976	3,400,350	3,657,976	3,400,350	

Measurement of fair values

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- Fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is derived from quoted market prices in active markets.
- Fair value of unquoted financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is estimated using
 appropriate valuation techniques.
- Loans granted to LNG companies are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates, specific country risk factors, individual creditworthiness of the customer and the risk characteristics of the financed project. As the reporting period, the carrying amounts of such receivables are not materially different from their calculated fair values.
- The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial
 institutions with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives are valued based on market valuation provided
 by the respective financial institution.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Group held the following financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting period:

The Group neta the following intunetal in	30 June	at fair varao at tri	o reporting period	•
	2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	336,690	336,690	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income:				
Quoted investments	3,331,157	3,331,157	-	-
Unquoted investments	326,639	-	-	326,639
Investment in bonds	18,820	-	-	18,820
Liability measured at fair		-	-	
value				
Interest rate swaps	18,640	-	18,640	-
	31 December			
	2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 5
Assets measured at fair value				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	523,208	523,208	_	_
F	,	,		
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income:				
Quoted shares	3,075,166	3,075,166	-	-
Unquoted shares	365	-	-	365
Investment in bonds	21,747	-	-	21,747
Liabilities measured at fair				
value				
Interest rate swaps	23,565	-	23,565	-

During the six months period ended 30 June 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

The Group does not hold credit enhancement or collateral to mitigate credit risk. The carrying amount of financial assets therefore represents the potential credit risk.

The tables above illustrate the classification of the Group's financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy as required for complete sets of financial statements. This classification provides a reasonable basis to illustrate the nature and extent of risks associated with those financial instruments.

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments are carried at fair value and are categorised in three levels, defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices
- Level 2 Valuation techniques (market observable)
- Level 3 Valuation techniques (non-market observable)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties during the six months ended 30 June 2018 and 2017, as well as balances with related parties as at 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017:

Related party transactions

		Six-month period ended 30 June 2018 2017						
	20	2018		7				
	Sales	Purchases	Sales	Purchases				
	(Rev	iewed)	(Reviewed)					
	QR'000	QR'000	QR'000	QR'000				
Associates	2,324	5	988	26				

Related party balances

Balances with related parties included in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	30 June	30 June 2018		ber 2017	
	Trade receivables	Trade payables	Trade receivables	Trade payables	
	(Revie	wed)	(Audited)		
	QR'000	QR'000	QR'000	QR'000	
Joint ventures	20,042	9,058	135,657	-	
Associates	1,662	5	9,969	-	
Directors	2,591	90	821	71	
	24,295	9,153	146,447	71	

Compensation of directors and other key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management provided for / paid during the period was as follows:

	Six-month period ended 30 June		
	2018	2017	
	(Reviewed)		
	QR'000	QR'000	
Salaries and allowances	5,222	5,802	
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	352	341	
Board of directors remuneration – cash	6,975	6,975	
	12,549	13,118	

19. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding at any time during the period and, therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

	Six months ended 30 Ju 2018 201		
-	(Reviewed)		
Net profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Parent (QR'000)	297,141	267,294	
Weighted average number of shares (000's)	113,616	113,616	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (QR)	2.62		
The weighted average numbers of shares have been calculated as follows:	Six months end	ed 30 June	
	2018 (Reviewo	2017 e d)	
Total number of shares outstanding (000's) Adjustment for weighted average shares with respect to treasury shares	114,525	114,525	
purchased during year 2013 (000's) (i)	(909)	(909)	
Weighted average numbers of shares during the perid (000's)	113,616	113,616	

⁽i) This represents an investment of 908,725 shares in the Company by one of its subsidiaries, during the year ended 31 December 2013.

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Group is organised into six pillars as follows, which constitute five reportable segments (strategic divisions):

- Milaha Capital provides corporate finance advisory services to the Parent and its subsidiaries, in addition
 to managing its proprietary portfolio of financial and real estate investments and holding the investment
 of Qatar Quarries and Building Material Company W.L.L.
- Milaha Maritime & Logistics delivers a comprehensive range of services to major importers, exporters and shipping companies in the region, including oil & gas majors. The activities include logistics services, container feeder shipping, non-vessel operating common carriers (NVOCC) operations, bulk shipping, shipping agencies, port management and operations, shippard and steel fabrication.
- Milaha Offshore provides comprehensive offshore support services to the oil and gas industry across the
 region. The group currently operates a fleet of 43 offshore service vessels, which include safety standby
 vessels, anchor handling tugs, crew boats, workboats and dynamic positioning (DP) vessels. It provides a
 complete range of diving services including saturation diving.
- Milaha Trading is engaged in trading trucks, heavy equipment, machinery and lubrication brands in Qatar.
 The segment markets its products and provides critical after sales service. Milaha Trading also owns and operates an IATA-approved travel agency, one of the oldest in the State of Qatar.
- Milaha Gas and Petrochem owns, manages and operates a fleet of LPG and LNG carriers and provides ocean transportation services to international energy and industrial companies. It further owns and manages a young fleet of product tankers and one crude carrier. The segment also operates a number of product tankers in partnership with international trading and shipping companies.
- Milaha Corporate provides necessary services to all the pillars to run their respective business. These
 services are costs of management, corporate development and communications, internal audit, legal affairs,
 shared services, information technology, procurement, human resources and administration and finance.
 The costs are subsequently allocated. Adjustments with respect to Milaha Corporate represent costs
 captured and subsequently allocated to various business pillars by way of a laid down methodology.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Six-month period ended 30 June 2018 (Reviewed)

	Milaha Capital QR'000	Milaha Maritime and Logistics QR'000	Milaha Offshore QR'000	Milaha Trading QR'000	Milaha Gas and Petrochem QR'000	Adjustments relating to Milaha Corporate QR'000	Total segments QR'000	Adjustments and eliminations QR'000	Consolidated QR'000
Operating revenues	356,394	472,531	223,463	148,687	189,571	-	1,390,646	(137,017)	1,253,629
Salaries, wages and other benefits	(3,709)	(64,607)	(81,554)	(7,948)	(52,987)	(59,551)	(270,356)	_	(270,356)
Operating supplies and expenses	(58,043)	(299,634)	(55,283)	(132,249)	(25,899)	(2,241)	(573,349)	109,316	(464,033)
Rent expenses	(2,561)	(22,961)	(4,069)	(1,001)	(625)	(4,611)	(35,828)	27,389	(8,439)
Depreciation and amortisation	(28,786)	(15,440)	(55,788)	(499)	(60,980)	(1,582)	(163,075)	-	(163,075)
Other operating expenses	(5,076)	(31,884)	(27,228)	(1,846)	(12,024)	(12,014)	(90,072)	312	(89,760)
Allocations relating to fleet and technical services Allocations relating to Milaha	-	(17,873)	-	-	17,873	-	-	-	-
Corporate	(7,305)	(36,233)	(14,287)	(6,792)	(15,430)	80,047		-	<u>-</u>
OPERATING PROFIT	250,914	(16,101)	(14,746)	(1,648)	39,499	48	257,966	-	257,966
Finance costs	(21,082)	(15,426)	(29,294)	_	(25,303)	<u>-</u>	(91,105)	5,948	(85,157)
Finance income	29,263	1	5,373	529	6,964	-	42,130	(5,948)	36,182
(Loss) gain on disposal of property,			•		ŕ		ŕ	,	ŕ
vessels and equipment	(64)	250	27	235	969	(36)	1,381	_	1,381
Share of results of associates	692	354	-	-	138,631	-	139,677	=	139,677
Share of results of joint arrangements Net gain (loss) on foreign	-	97,112	-	-	(14,975)	-	82,137	-	82,137
exchange	2,920	(133)	(87)	134	(225)	(12)	2,597	-	2,597
Impairment of vessels and capital					(140 100)		(140.199)		(140 100)
work-in-progress Miscellaneous income	410	- 1	-	-	(140,188)	-	(140,188) 1,716	-	(140,188)
iviiscenaneous income	410				1,305	-	1,/16		1,716
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	263,053	66,058	(38,727)	(750)	6,677		296,311		296,311

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Six-month period ended 30 June 2017 (Reviewed)

six monin period chaca so sune	Milaha Capital QR'000	Milaha Maritime and Logistics QR'000	Milaha Offshore QR'000	Milaha Trading QR'000	Milaha Gas and Petrochem QR'000	Adjustments relating to Milaha Corporate QR'000	Total segments QR'000	Adjustments and eliminations QR'000	Consolidated QR'000
Operating revenues	276,316	390,878	239,131	161,623	193,960	-	1,261,908	(116,108)	1,145,800
Salaries, wages and other									
benefits	(3,901)	(62,191)	(78,659)	(7,941)	(49,592)	(60,080)	(262,364)	-	(262,364)
Operating supplies and expenses	(104,559)	(239,689)	(48,524)	(135,926)	(28,263)	(2,978)	(559,939)	103,820	(456,119)
Rent expenses	(1,819)	(4,411)	(4,519)	(1,122)	(366)	(6,498)	(18,735)	11,960	(6,775)
Depreciation and amortisation	(18,075)	(30,630)	(57,129)	(463)	(67,229)	(1,887)	(175,413)	-	(175,413)
Other operating expenses	(5,518)	(14,020)	(24,186)	(2,146)	(18,632)	(10,549)	(75,051)	328	(74,723)
Allocations relating to fleet and									
technical services	-	(19,637)	-	-	19,637	-	-	-	-
Allocations relating to Milaha									
Corporate	(7,228)	(36,457)	(15,947)	(7,808)	(14,567)	82,007			-
OPERATING PROFIT	135,216	(16,157)	10,167	6,217	34,948	15	170,406	-	170,406
Finance costs	(53,328)	(5,733)	(17,880)	=	(25,549)	-	(102,490)	2,070	(100,420)
Finance income	73,656	1	2,483	1,521	8,361	-	86,022	(2,070)	83,952
(Loss) gain on disposal of									
property, vessels and equipment	-	(3,473)	2,947	(6)	-	-	(532)	-	(532)
Share of results of associates	(201)	1,146	-	-	127,865	-	128,810	-	128,810
Share of results of joint									
arrangements	-	57,017	-	-	(12,929)	=	44,088	-	44,088
Net (loss) gain on foreign									
exchange	(436)	(173)	(273)	32	(1,294)	(15)	(2,159)	-	(2,159)
Impairment of available-for-sale									
financial assets	(20,950)	-	-	-	-	-	(20,950)	-	(20,950)
Impairment of vessels and									
capital work-in-progress	-	(3,053)	(45,243)	-	-	-	(48,296)	-	(48,296)
Miscellaneous income	96	1			20,158	-	20,255		20,255
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	134,053	29,576	(47,799)	7,764	151,560	-	275,154	<u>-</u>	275,154
	10 .,000	25,570	(.,,,,,)	.,,,,,	101,000		2,0,101		2,0,101

Note: Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.

21. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures for the previous period have been reclassified, where necessary, in order to conform to the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications do not affect the previously reported net profits, net assets or equity.